

Studies Towards a Scalable Second-Generation Total Synthesis of the Aplyronines as Novel Payloads for Antibody-Drug Conjugates

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1. Introduction

 The aplyronines (A-H) comprise a family of structurally complex and extremely scarce marine macrolides isolated from the Japanese sea hare *Aplysia kurodai* by Yamada.¹
 Aplyronine A exhibits potent biological activity *in vivo*² and picomolar market by the provide structure of the NOI of an Union appl.²

cancer cell growth inhibition against the NCI 60 cell line panel.³
 It forms an unprecedented heterotrimeric complex with its cellular targets, cytoskeletal proteins actin and tubulin, disrupting cell division. This novel dual mode of action makes it an exciting payload candidate for a new class of antibody-drug conjugates for targeted cancer chemotherapy.⁴

Aplysia kurodai





 The aplyronine side chain intercalates into a hydrophobic cleft of actin with both amino acid residues protruding into the bulk solvent region.⁴ This allows for attachment to antibodies through amino acid modification without foreseeable loss of actin binding ability.

 An efficient and scalable total synthesis is required to access viable quantities of suitably modified aplyronines incorporating a linker for conjugation to selected antibodies.



5. C₁–C₁₄ Phosphonate Synthesis



7. References

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We thank Drs Cam Cowden, Michael Woodrow, Simon Blakey, Lydia Lee, Stephen Atkinson and Sarah Fink for their contributions to the first-generation total synthesis of the aplyronines; the EPSRC for support and the National Mass Spectrometry Facility for providing mass spectroscopy data; the Slovene Human Resources Development and Scholarship Fund (NA), the Todd–Raphael Scholarship (SW) and the Isaac Newton–Mays Wild Fellowship from Downing College (MPH).





3. First-Generation Total Synthesis



6. Completion of the Macrocycle and Conclusions





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- synthesised multi-gram quantities of the $C_{21}-C_{27}$ aldehyde (D) via the revised route, successfully substituting the tin(II) for titanium(IV) aldol
- prepared the $C_{15}-C_{20}$ phosphonate (E) using a highly enantioselective pig liver esterase mediated desymmetrisation on 15 g scale
- altered the protecting group strategy to enable sitespecific macrolactonisation and convergence on to a known intermediate
- future work will involve completion of the secondgeneration total synthesis, synthesis of macrocycle analogues and investigation of linker strategies to produce ADCs